CHILDFUND SRI LANKA – COUNTRY OFFICE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2024



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE COUNTRY DIRECTOR OF CHILDFUND SRI LANKA-COUNTRY OFFICE

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Childfund Sri Lanka - Country Office (the Organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30 2024, and the statement of income and expenditure, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Childfund Sri Lanka - Country Office (the Organization) as at June 30, 2024, and of its surplus or deficit and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the Sri Lanka Statement of Recommended Practice for Non-Governmental Organizations issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Sri Lanka.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standard for the Audits of Non - Specified Business Enterprises, which require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the said financial statements are free of material misstatements. An Audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the said financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by the management, evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements, and determining whether the said financial statements are prepared and presented in accordance with the Sri Lanka Statement of Recommended Practice for Non-Governmental Organizations issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Sri Lanka. We have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit. We therefore believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Respective Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial **Statements**

The Management is responsible for maintaining proper accounting records, preparing and presenting these financial statements in accordance with the Sri Lanka Statement of Recommended Practice for Non-Governmental Organizations.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SLAuSs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SLAuSs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
 or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence
 that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
 collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Chartered Accountants 28 November 2024

Colombo.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION			
As at 30 June		2024	2023
	Notes	Rs.	Rs.
ASSETS			
Non Current Asset			
Property, plant and equipment	4		-
Comment Assets			
Current Assets Inventory - goods in kinds		771,848	7,531,688
Grant and receivables	5	38,713,595	22,412,923
Cash and cash equivalents	6	129,176,856	67,729,967
Cash and cash equivalents		168,662,299	97,674,577
Total Assets		168,662,299	97,674,577
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity	_	(14011.576)	(20.246.101)
Unresticted fund	7	(14,011,576) (14,011,576)	(29,346,191) (29,346,191)
Non-Current Liabilities			
Retirement benefit obligation - gratuity	8	15,631,096	14,336,231
Compensation	9	40,427,051	52,182,341
Accrued paid time off	10	5,245,861	3,964,387
rectued paid time off		61,304,008	70,482,959
Current Liabilities			
Grants and other payables	11	116,584,324	41,630,544
Tax payable	12	4,785,543	14,907,266
		121,369,867	56,537,810
Total Equity and Liabilities		168,662,299	97,674,577

The Accounting Policies and Notes on pages 7 to 22 form an integral part of these Financial Statements.

These Financial Statements are prepared in compliance with the requirement of Sri Lanka Statement of Recommended Practice for Not-for-Profit Organizations (Including Non-Governmental Organization) (SL SoRP-NPO's [including NGO's]) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Sri Lanka.

Country Office Accountant

The Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these Financial Statements.

Approved and signed for and on behalf of the organization.

ChildFund Office Country Director
No 44/3-1/1 Navala
28 November 2024

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			
Year ended 30 June		2023/2024	2022/2023
	Notes	Rs.	Rs.
Operating income	13	586,018,075	599,706,410
Operating expenses	14	(468,380,820)	(513,280,134)
Net surplus/(deficit) From operating activities	_	117,637,255	86,426,276
Other income	15	10,294,974	207,000
Administrative expenses	16	(107,323,451)	(89,066,972)
Net surplus/(deficit) beforeTax	_	20,608,778	(2,433,696)
Income tax expense	17	6,529,664	(4,857,622)
Net surplus/(deficit) after tax	_	27,138,442	(7,291,318)

The Accounting Policies and Notes on pages 7 to 22 form an integral part of these Financial Statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Year ended 30 June

	Unrestricted Funds	Results for the year	Total
Balance as at 1st July 2022	Rs. (12,845,569)	Rs. (9,209,304)	Rs. (22,054,873)
Deficit for the year	-	(7,291,318)	(7,291,318)
Balance as at 30th June 2023	(12,845,569)	(16,500,622)	(29,346,191)
Under or over provision - Tax expenses		(11,803,827)	(11,803,827)
Surplus/(deficit) for the year		27,138,442	27,138,442
Balance as at 30th June 2024	(12,845,569)	(1,166,007)	(14,011,576)

The Accounting Policies and Notes on pages 7 to 22 form an integral part of these Financial Statements.



STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW		
Year ended 30 June	2023/2024	2022/2023
	Rs.	
Cash flows from operating activities	KS.	Rs.
Net deficits before tax	20,608,778	(2,433,696)
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation		410.577
Under or over provision - Tax expenses	(11,803,827)	419,577
Provision of retirement benefit obligation	1,294,865	2 (20 070
Provision of compensation		2,630,070
Provision of accrued paid time off	(11,755,290) 1,311,269	7,116,122
	$\frac{1,311,209}{(20,952,983)}$	1,311,269 11,477,038
Operating surplus/(deficit) before working capital changes	(344,205)	9,043,342
(Increase)/decrease in inventories - goods in kind	6.750.840	(T. 501, 500)
(Increase)/decrease in grant and receivables	6,759,840	(7,531,688)
Decrease/(increase) in grant and other payables	(16,300,672)	(6,837,728)
y g- and and other payables	74,953,780	(48,579,725)
	65,412,947	(62,949,140)
Cash used in operations	65,068,742	(53,905,798)
Gratuity paid		(3,944,489)
Γax paid	(3,592,058)	(1,291,648)
Accrued paid time off	(29,795)	(1,141,284)
Net cash used in operating activities	61,446,889	(60,283,220)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents during the year	(1.446.000	
Cash and cash equivalent at the beginning of the year	61,446,889	(60,283,220)
Cash and cash equivalent at the end of the year	67,729,967	128,013,188
equivalent at the end of the year	129,176,856	67,729,967
Analysis of cash and cash equivalent at the end of year		
Cash at bank	129,176,856	67,729,967

The Accounting Policies and Notes on pages 7 to 22 form an integral part of these Financial Statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 June 2024

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Domicile and Legal Form

ChildFund Sri Lanka - Country Office is a Non-Governmental, child protection and development organization domiciled in Sri Lanka. The organization locally represents the ChildFund - International Inc, No. 2821, Emery Wood Parkway, Richmond, Virginia, USA. ChildFund Sri Lanka -Country Office is an organization registered under the Voluntary Social Service Organization Act, No. 31 of 1980 as amended by Act, No. 08 of 1998. The registered office and the principal place of operation are situated in No. 44/3, 1/1, Narahenpita Road, Nawala.

1.2 Principal Activities

The principal activities of the ChildFund Sri Lanka- Country Office were to promote and encourage child protection, health and sanitation, nutrition, education, early childhood and development, vocational training for youth and assistance to children with special needs.

1.3 Number of Employees

Total number of employees of the Organization on June 30, 2024, was 41. (June 30, 2023 -40).

1.4 Approval of Financial Statements

These financial statements were approved by the members of committee and authorized for issue on November 28, 2024.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Statement of Compliance

The Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2024 and the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Changes in Reserves and Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 30 June 2024, and a Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and other Explanatory notes of ChildFund Sria Lanka - Country Office have been prepared in accordance with Sri Lanka Statement of Recommended Practice for Not-for-Profit Organizations (Including Non-Governmental Organization) (SL SoRP NPO's [including NGO's]) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Sri Lanka.

2.2 Basis of Measurement

Financial statements of the organization are prepared under the historical cost convention. Adjustments have not been made for inflationary factors affecting the financial statements.

2.3 Comparative Figures

The previous year figures and phrases have been reclassified whenever necessary to conform to the current year presentation,

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 June 2024

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (Continued)

2.4 Functional and Presentation Currency

Items included in the financial statements of the organization are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the functional currency) and rounded to the nearest rupee value.

These financial statements are presented in Sri Lankan Rupees (Rs.) which is the organization's functional and presentation currency.

2.5 Use of Estimates and Judgements

The presentation of Financial Statements in conformity with Sri Lanka Financial Reporting Standards requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of Accounting Policies and the reporting amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from those estimates and judgmental decisions.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are reviewed affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future period.

2.6 Materiality and Aggregation

Each material class of similar items is presented separately in the financial statements. Items of a dissimilar nature or function are presented separately unless they are immaterial.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements are prepared by the organization in accordance with the SL SoRP-NPO's [including NGO's] issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Sri Lanka. The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

3.1 Foreign Currency Transactions/Translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to Sri Lankan Rupees at the foreign exchange rate rulings at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies as the date of statement of financial position are translated to Sri Lankan Rupees at the foreign exchange middle rate ruling at that date. Foreign exchange differences arising on translation are recognized in the profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, which are stated at historical cost, are translated to Sri Lankan Rupees at the foreign exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction.

3.2 Receivables

Receivables are recorded at cost less impairment (If any).



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 June 2024

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3.3 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are defined as cash in hand, demand deposits, short term investments readily convertible to identified amounts of cash and which are not subject to any significant risk of change in value. For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in hand and bank deposits, net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Investments with short term maturity (i.e. of 3 months or less from the date of acquisition) are also treated as cash equivalent.

3.4 Property, Plant and Equipment

(a) Recognition and Measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the management. The cost of self-constructed assets includes the cost of materials and direct labour.

Where an item of plant and equipment comprises major components having different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items of plant and equipment.

(b) Subsequent Expenditure

The organization adds to the carrying amount of an item of Property, plant and equipment the cost of replacing parts of such an item, when that cost is incurred if the replacement part is - expected to provide incremental future benefits to the organization. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

(c) Depreciation

Depreciation is charged to the profit or loss so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over the estimated useful lives of items of property, plant and equipment, using the straight-line method. The estimated annual rates are as follows:

Assets	Annual Rates
Leasehold Building Improvements	20%
Motor Vehicles	20%
Furniture and Fittings	20%
Office Equipment	20%
Computer Equipment	33%

The organization provides depreciation from the date the assets are available for use up to the date of disposal, on a straight-line basis over the periods appropriate to the estimated useful lives based on the pattern in which the asset's future economic benefits are expected to be consumed by the organization of the different types of assets, except for which are disclosed the earlier of the date that the asset is classified as separately. Depreciation of an asset ceases held for sale or the date that the asset is derecognized. Depreciation does not cease when the assets become idle or is retired from active use unless the asset is fully depreciated.

Asset's residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate on an annual basis.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 June 2024

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3.5 Grant Assets

Grants and subsidies related to assets are deferred in the Statement of Financial Position and recognized as income over the life of the depreciable asset by way of a reduced depreciation charge in the Statement of Comprehensive Income over the useful life of the asset.

3.6 Liability and Provision

3.6.1 Provisions

Provision are recognized when the Organization has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, where it is probable that an outflow of resource embodying economic benefit will be required to settle the obligation and the reliable estimate can be made to the amount of the obligation. When the Organization expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognized as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the statement of financial activities net of any reimbursement.

3.6.2 Retirement Benefit Obligation

a) Compensation

A Compensation provision is carried forward in the Statement of Financial Position equivalent to an amount calculated as based on the salary of the last month of the financial year for all employees in respect of each completed year of service, commencing from the first year of service as follows.

No. of Years of service completed	No. of Months per Year
1-5 Years	2.5
6-14 Years	2
15-19 Years	1.5
20-24 Years	1
25-34 Years	0.5

No amount is excess of Rs. 2,500,000/- shall be paid to any employee as compensation computed according to the above formula. The ChildFund Sri Lanka has paid more than the Rs. 2,500,000/-, if the service period is more than 10 years using the above formula.

b) Gratuity

Gratuity is a Defined Benefit Plan. The Organization is liable to pay gratuity in terms the Act, No. 12 of 1983, In order to meet this liability, a provision is carried forward in the Statement of Financial Position, equivalent to an amount calculated based on a half month's salary of the last month of the financial year of all employees for each completed year of service, commencing after the first year of service. The resulting difference between brought forward provision at the beginning of a year and the carried forward provision at the end of a year is dealt with in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 June 2024

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3.6 Liability and Provision (Continued)

3.6.2 Retirement Benefit Obligation (Continued)

c) Defined Contribution Plans - Employees' Provident Fund and Employees' Trust Fund

Employees are eligible for Employee's Provident Fund and Employee' Trust Fund contributions in line with respective statutes and regulations. The Organization contributes 15% and 3% of gross emoluments of employee Employees' Provident Fund and Employees' Trust Fund, respectively

3.7 Taxation

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

The provision for income tax is based on fund received as reported in the financial statements and computed in accordance with the provisions of the relevant tax legislations.

The NGOs are currently liable for income tax on the 3% of all the grant fund received during the year and are taxable at 30%.

3.8 Funds

a) Unrestricted Funds

Unrestricted funds are that are available for use by the organization at the discretion of the management, in furtherance of the general objectives of the organizations and which are not designated for any specific purpose by the donors.

Surplus funds are transferred for restricted funds to unrestricted funds in terms of the relevant agreements or with subsequent approval of the donor.

3.9 Grants

Grants are recognized in the financial statements at their fair value. When the grant relates to an expense, it is recognized as an income over the period necessary to match it with the expenses, which it is intended to compensate for on a systematic basis.

Grants related to assets are generally deferred in the statement of financial position and credited to the statements of comprehensive income over the useful life of the asset.

In the case of grants received to fund an entire project or activity, which include the purchase of an asset, and the cost of such asset is charged with the project costs the statements of comprehensive income, the grant value is recognized as an income in the same period as the cost of the asset is charged to the statement of comprehensive income.

On conclusion of the project, in the event that the asset is not handed over to the beneficiary or returned to the original donor, the cost of the asset is included in a memorandum inventory of plant and equipment identified as such in the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 June 2024

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3.10 Income Recognition

Income realized from restricted funds is recognized the statement of comprehensive income only when there is a certainty that all of the conditions for receipt of funds have been complied with and the relevant expenditure that it is expected to compensate has been incurred and charged to the statement of comprehensive income. Unutilized funds are carried forward as such in the statement of financial position as grant payable.

Gifts and donations received in kind are recognized at valuation at the time that they are distributed to beneficiaries, or if received for resale with proceeds being used for the purpose of the organization at the point of such sale. Items not sold or distributed are inventories but not recognized in the financial statements.

All other income is recognized when the organization is legally entitled to the use of such funds and the amount can be quantified. This would include income receivable through fund raising activities and donations.

3.11 Revenue Earned from Other Activities

Revenue earned on services rendered is recognized in the accounting period in which the services are rendered.

Other income is recognized on accrual basis. All other income is recognized when the Company is legally entitled to the use of such funds and the amount can be quantified.

Net gains and losses of a revenue nature on the disposal of property plant and equipment and other noncurrent asset including investments have been accounted in the statement of comprehensive income, having deducted from proceeds on disposal, the carrying amount of the assets and related expenses.

Gifts and donations received in kind are recognized at fair value at the time that they are distributed to beneficiaries, or if received for resale with proceeds being used for the purpose of the Company at the point of such sale. Items not sold or distributed are inventories but not recognized in the Financial Statements.

3.12 Expenditure Recognition

Expenses in carrying out the projects and other activities of the organization are recognized in the Statement of Comprehensive Income during the period in which they are incurred. Other expenses incurred in administrating and running the organization and in restoring and maintaining the property, plant and equipment to perform at expected levels are accounted for on accrual basis to the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

The organization has adopted the "Function of expense" method to present fairly the elements of the Organization's activities in its Statement of Comprehensive Income.

3.13 Related Party Transactions

Disclosures have been made in respect of the transactions in which one party has the ability to control or exercise significant influence over the financial and operating decisions/policies irrespective of a price being charged.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As at 30 June 2024

t Property, Plant and Equipment

Description	Leasehold Building Improvements	Motor Vehicles	Furniture Fittings	Office Equipment	Computer Equipment	Total
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Cost Balance as at 1st July 2023	8.391.537	43 920 170	961 108	340 400	120 704	000 132 33
Disposal for the year	-	(4,851,170)	-	001,010	-,100,104	(4.851.170)
Balance as at 30th June 2024	8,391,537	39,069,000	961,108	340,400	2,138,784	50,900,829
Accumulated Depreciation						
Balance as at 1st July 2023	8,391,537	43,920,170	961,108	340,400	2,138,784	55,751,999
Charge for the year		(4,851,170)	1			(4,851,170)
Balance as at 30th June 2024	8,391,537	39,069,000	961,108	340,400	2,138,784	50,900,829
Net Book Value as at 30th June 2024		,	,			
Net Book Value as at 30th June 2023	1				,	,



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As at 30 June 2024

- Property, Plant and Equipment (Continued)
- 4.1 Property, Plant and Equipment identified in statement of comprehensive income

Description	Leasehold Building Improvements	Motor Vehicles	Furniture Fittings	Office Equipment	Computer Equipment	Total
Cost		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Balance as at 1st July 2023	ű.	1	4,660,293	10,219,457	28.173.812	43.053.562
Addition for the year		2,592,629	1,028,780	1,919,799	4,050,950	9,592,158
Disposal for the year		,	,			
Balance as at 30th June 2024	.1	2,592,629	5,689,073	12,139,256	32,224,762	52,645,720

USD 5,000. However, as required by the Sri Lanka Statement of Recommended Practice for Not-for-Profit Organizations, assets purchased during the period but not In accordance with ChildFund Global policies on the capitalization of property, plant, and equipment, the organization does not capitalize any assets valued below capitalized have been disclosed in Note 4.1.



	OTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		
As	at 30 June	2024	2023
		Rs.	Rs.
5	Grant and Receivables		
	Grant		572,524
	Grant advance	29,300,893	12,793,959
	Special deposit	4,004,727	3,979,727
	Travel advance	471,693	210,552
	Prepayment	1,270,000	3,368,918
	Advance	3,666,282	1,486,944
	Others	_	300
		38,713,595	22,412,923
5	Cash and Cash Equivalents		
	Bank of Ceylon	8,866,173	13,575,154
	Standard Chartered Bank	120,310,490	54,034,838
	Cash in hand	193	119,975
		129,176,856	67,729,967
	Unrestricted Fund		
	Balance as at beginning of the year	(29,346,191)	(22,054,873
	Total comprehensive loss for the year	15,334,615	(7,291,318
	Funds received during the year	470,571,979	389,647,571
	Funds transferred to statement of comprehensive income	(470,571,979)	(389,647,571
	Balance as at end of the year	(14,011,576)	(29,346,191
	Retirement Benefit Obligation - Gratuity		
	Balance at the beginning of the year	14 226 221	15 (50 (50
	Provision for the year	14,336,231	15,650,650
	110 Holiston for the year	1,294,865	2,630,070
	Payments made during the year	15,631,096	18,280,720 (3,944,489
	Balance at the end of the year	15,631,096	14,336,231
	Compensation		1,,550,251
	Balance at the beginning of the year	52 192 241	45.066.210
	Provision for the year	52,182,341 (11,755,290)	45,066,218
	Balance at the end of the year	40,427,051	7,116,122 52,182,341
0	Accrued Paid Time Off		
U	D.I	3,964,387	3,794,402
U	Balance at the beginning of the year	3,704,307	3,774,402
U	Balance at the beginning of the year Provision for the year	1 311 260	1 211 260
0	Provision for the year	1,311,269 5,275,657	1,311,269
U		1,311,269 5,275,657 (29,795)	1,311,269 5,105,672 (1,141,284)



NO	TES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS			
As at	t 30 June		2024	2023
11	Count and Other Desire		Rs.	Rs.
11	Grant and Other Payables			
	Grants	11.1	93,929,651	30,864,343
	Genaral payables		18,261,924	9,235,670
	Pay As You Earn tax		3,689,499	798,141
	Audit payable		575,000	608,615
	Withholding Tax		128,250	117,500
	Stamp Duty			5,075
	Other			1,200
			116,584,324	41,630,544
11.1	Grants payable			
	Balance at the beginning of the year		30,864,343	81,160,935
	Restricted fund received during the year		178,511,404	159,762,247
	Transferred to statement of comprehensive income		(115,446,096)	(210,058,839)
	Balance at the end of the year	-	93,929,651	30,864,343
12	Tax Payable			
	Balance at the beginning of the year		14,907,266	11,341,292
	Tax expense for the year	17	5,274,163	4,857,622
	Under or over provision	· ~ •/	(11,803,827)	7,037,022
	Tax paid during the year		(3,592,058)	(1,291,648)
	Balance at the end of the year	-	4,785,543	14,907,266

ChildFund Sri Lanka has computed its income tax liability by applying a rate of 3% to the total grant funds received during the year at 30%.

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	TES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS			
Year	ended 30 June		2023/2024	2022/2023
		Notes	Rs.	Rs.
13	Operating Income			
	Grants - Restricted	13.1	115,446,096	210,058,839
	Grants - Unrestricted	13.2	470,571,979	389,647,571
		-	586,018,075	599,706,410
13.1	Grants - Restricted			
	ChildFund New Zealand		44,744,880	42,254,056
	ChildFund Germany		43,273,375	76,772,766
	ChildFund Korea		5,540,706	12,910,796
	UNICEF		7,029,952	73,092,121
	British Council		13,846,861	1,717,418
	ChildFund New Zealand		1,009,762	3,311,682
	ChildFund Japan	_	560	-
		-	115,446,096	210,058,839
13.2	Grants - Unrestricted			
	Working fund		183,746,056	117,263,279
	Partner effective fund		79,413,158	97,174,536
	Grant I.C.R. Revenue		38,461,932	34,122,797
	Project subsidy		133,587,020	107,683,178
	Project DFC		19,254,932	14,321,214
	Gifts in kind		14,799,261	15,310,295
	U.R. Contributions-C.O.	_	1,309,619	3,772,273
		_	470,571,979	389,647,571
14	Operating Expenses			
	Disbursements to community projects		226,823,382	293,774,067
	Personnel and other benefits		90,505,275	89,578,946
	Other direct cost		99,482,922	93,434,472
	Other indirect cost		34,866,897	28,030,423
	Consumable equipment		16,702,344	8,462,226
			468,380,820	513,280,134



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 30 June

14 Operating Expenses (Continued)

14.1 Project Activity Summary

	Transferred from Res	from Restricted Funds		Total Amou	Total Amount Expended			
Project		P	Personnel and	Other direct	direct	Disbursements		Surplus /
	Organization	Amount	Other Benefits	Consumable	Other	to Community	I otal	deficit on Project
Grants Restricted		Rs.	Re	Re	Bs	De	D.	4
12-0397D - Cfnz-Watsanbatticaloa-Srl	ChildFund New Zealand	,				N3.	NS.	KS.
12-0422D - CFK Mulativu Protect-Srl	ChildFund Korea	5,459,352		1	\$ 450 352		5 450 353	
12-0463D - CFK Covid Srl	ChildFund Korea	81,354		,	81 354		91 254	
12-0468D - Cfger-Empowerment Pjt P2-Srl	ChildFund Germany	27,067,227	1.134.253		5 323 062	20 600 012	77 067 77	
12-0476D - Cfger/Bmz-Cbr Phase3-Srl	ChildFund Germany	16,206,148	3,865,889	,	531 011	11 800 747	14 206 149	,
12-0497D - Cf-Nz-Seed-Srl	ChildFund New Zealand	19,786,664	1 703 585		2 072 025	14,002,247	10 796 664	•
12-0504D - Cf-Nz-Improving Food Securit-Srl	ChildFund New Zealand	(578.430)		al	2,012,023	(670 420)	19,700,004	1
12-0515D - Cf-Jap-Food Security Hub 2-Srl	ChildFund Japan	095			073	(000,430)	(3/8,430)	•
12-0520D - Smart Meal Srl	ChildFund New Zealand	17 508 557			200		096	
12-0532D - LKA - Climate Change Adaptation for Food		16,000,01			967,900	11,630,657	12,598,557	,
Security and Livelihood in Sri Lanka	ChildFund New Zealand	11,576,817	,	4 161 579	5 954 601	1 460 636	11 575 017	
12-0533D - Emergency Response to Flooding Srl	ChildFund New Zealand	1,361,273	,	-	2,77,701	1 361 273	11,2/0,01/	
3-0419D -Unicef-U Report-Change-Srl	Unicef	6,945,952	266.262		529 408	6 150 282	6 045 052	
2-0443D - EDGE pilot project - British Council	British Council	13,846,861	626.636		4 109 543	0 110 682	13 946 961	
3-0407D - Unicef-Protect-Children Impact Eco-Srl	Unicef	84,000	,		84 000	7,110,007	84 000	1
99-0278D - IDLO Strengthening Policy Srl	IDEO	1,009,762			1.009.762		1 000 762	
Total Grants Restricted		115,446,096	7,596,625	4,161,579	26,122,579	77.565.313	115,446,096	



CHILDFUND SRI LANKA - COUNTRY OFFICE NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 30 June

Operating Expenses (Continued) 14

14.2 Project Activity Summary

			To	Total Amount Expended	led			
Project	Transferred from Restricted	Personal and	Other direct	direct	Disbursements to		Total	Surplus/deficit
	Funds	Other Benefits	Consumable equipments	Other	Community Projects	Other Indirect		no reoject
NSP Funds	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
23M010 - Cos Cf Real Gift	459,273		1		459.273	,	459 273	,
23M039 - Co'S Real Gfits	2,995,487		1		2,995,487		2.995.487	
24GM07 Srlank-Social Incl Of Pwds	8,722,740			1	8,722,740		8 722 740	
24M002 Mulit Cos Real Gift	5,490,353		,	000'9	5,484,353		5 490 353	
24M016 Real Gift- Golah	8,349,079		1	8.349,079		1	8 349 079	
24PW01 Social Emotional Learn Path	15,016,646	5,959,087		2,300	9.055.259		15.016.646	,
J24-01 Lka-Building Resilience For Vu	662,838	,	1		662,838		662.838	
T24-01 Lka Building Resilience Prg-Ta	7,401,554	2,542,300	1	1,026,230	3,833,024	1	7.401.554	,
GERPRG - Germany Addl Prog Funding	23,644,139	18,735,467	35,000	3,736,878	1,136,795		23,644,139	
Total	72,742,109	27,236,854	35,000	13,120,486	32,349,769	,	72,742,109	



CHILDFUND SRI LANKA - COUNTRY OFFICE NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 30 June

Operating Expenses (Continued) 14

14.3 Project Activity Summary

Project							•		
	Fund Received	ived	Personnel and Other Benefits	Other	Other direct	Disbursements to Community Projects	Other Indirect	Total	Surplus/deficit on Project
	Organization	Amount		Consumable	Other				
Partner Effective Fund		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Administration-16210 &16220	International Office	7,879,504	2,247,008	,	5,632,496			7.879.504	
Advocacy-16285	International Office	953,783	-	,	953,783			953.783	
Child Protection-16281	International Office	5,685,222	3,008,798	1	2,676,424		,	5.685.222	1
8	International Office	3,920,150	2,560,622		1,359,528			3,920,150	
ala-162102	International Office	104,735		1	104,735		,	104,735	
	International Office	5,182,499	2,896,413	-	2,286,085	,	1	5.182,499	
	International Office	5,860,151	3,304,191	1	2,555,960	,	i	5,860,151	
futrition-16290	International Office	10,021,446	3,992,862		6,028,584	1	1	10,021,446	
	International Office	11,007,327	4,948,448	-	6,058,879			11.007.327	
	International Office	2,103,549	557,498	1	1,546,051			2.103.549	1
ons-16230	International Office	25,517,565	11,519,917	346,500	13,651,148	,		25,517,565	,
LS-3)-16291	International Office	1,177,228			1,177,228	1		1.177.228	,
Total		79,413,158	35,035,756	346,500	44,030,902	•	,	79,413,158	
Other Fund									
Working Fund	International Office	183,746,056		3,902,793		,	1	3 902 793	179 843 264
empany Non Cash Transaction	International Office	38,461,932	,	1		1	33,988,119	33,988,119	4.473.813
	IC	1,309,619				157,387	100	157,487	1,152,132
	International Office	133,587,020	20,636,040	8,256,472	16,208,955	75,753,542	878,678	121,733,687	11,853,334
1-Product	LFR	14,799,261		,		21,559,101	1	21,559,101	(6,759,840)
	International Office	19,254,932	1	E	,	19,438,271	1	19,438,271	(183,338)
Total other funds		391,158,820	20,636,040	12,159,265	16,208,955	116,908,300	34,866,897	200,779,456	190,379,364
Total		470,571,979	55,671,796	12,505,765	60,239,857	116,908,300	34,866,897	280,192,615	190,379,364



11	OTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS			
Yea	ar ended 30 June		2023/2024	2022/2023
		Note.	Rs.	Rs.
-	041			
5	Other Income			
	Gain from disposal of motor vehicles		9,420,000	
	Miscellaneous Income		212,136	207,00
	Temp Restr Contribs-Alliance		662,838	207,00
			10,294,974	207,00
6	Administrative Expenses			
	Salary expenses		53,474,608	51,976,92
	Employment taxes		9,915,347	6,775,56
	Employees' Provident Fund and Employees' Trust Fund		4,728,761	4,370,17
	Gratuity		(10,578,861)	2,437,10
	Staff medical and accidental insurance		3,204,468	1,407,90
	Depreciation		-	419,57
	Occupancy		8,723,584	1,044,36
	Conferences and meetings		8,251,560	2,544,62
	Travelling		7,247,908	4,169,98
	Auto truck, gas and oil		5,234,430	989,70
	Telephone, cable, internet		4,039,124	3,014,99
	Contract services		6,752,806	5,416,76
	Legal fees		138,342	71,67
	Supplies - office		3,607,192	2,636,08
	Professional fees		-	486,53
	Audit fees		575,000	608,61
	Bank charges		681,033	359,58
	Dues and membership		892,235	-
	Other expenses		435,913	336,80
		_	107,323,451	89,066,97
7	Income Tax Expense			
	Total grant received during the year		586,018,075	599,706,410
	Grant liable for income tax		586,018,075	599,706,41
	Deemed profit at 3% of grants liable for income tax		17,580,542	17,991,19
	Tax charge for the year @ 24%		, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	2,158,94
	Tax charge for the year @ 30%		5,274,163	2,138,94
	Tax provision for the year	-	5,274,163	
	Under or over provision - Pervious year	-	and the second of the second o	4,857,62
	Net tax expenses	_	(11,803,827)	4.057.62
	w. expenses	8.	(6,529,664)	4,857,622



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 30 June

18 Related Party Transactions

The Company carries out transactions in the ordinary course of its business with parties who are defined as related parties in LKAS 24 - "Related Party Disclosures", the detail of which are reported below.

18.1 Transactions with Key Management Personnel

According to the LKAS 24 - "Related Party Disclosures", Key Management Personnel are those having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity directly or indirectly. Accordingly, Country Manager has been classified as Key Management Personnel of the Organization.

Total remuneration paid to country director during the amounts to Rs.27,596,979/-

19 Events after the end of the Reporting Period

There were no events occurring after the end of the reporting period that required adjustments to or disclosures in the Financial Statements.

20 Contingent Liabilities and Capital Commitments

There were no material contingent liabilities or capital commitments as at the date of Statement of Financial Position.

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